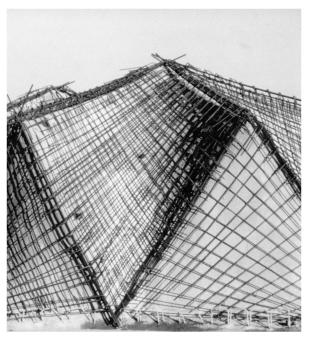
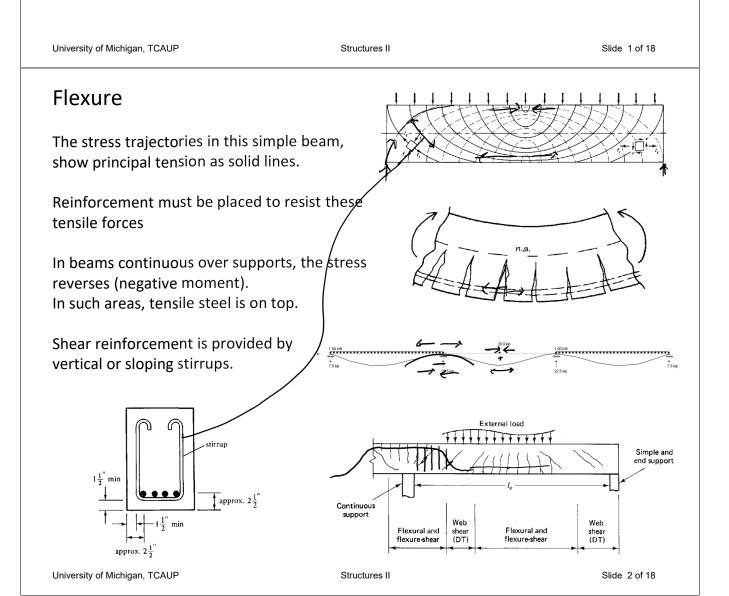
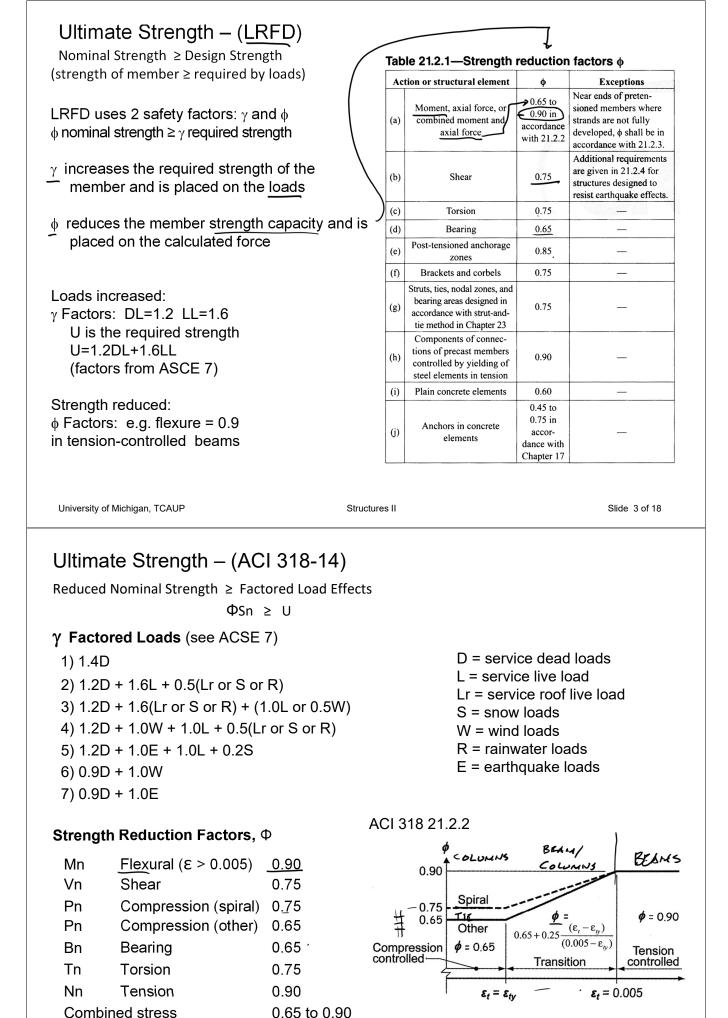
## Architecture 324 Structures II

Reinforced Concrete Beams Ultimate Strength Design (ACI 318-19) – PART I

- Flexure in Concrete
- Ultimate Strength Design (LRFD)
- Failure Modes
- Flexure Equations
- Rectangular Beam Analysis







Structures II

# Strength Measurement

- Compressive strength
  - 12" x 6" cylinder

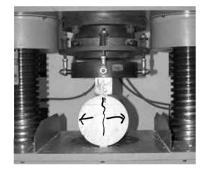


 $f_t'$ 

- 28 day moist cure
   Ultimate (failure) strength
- Usable strain  $\mathcal{E}_{cu}$  = 0.003 (ACI 318)
- Tensile strength ASTM C496
  - 12" x 6" cylinder
  - 28 day moist cure
  - Ultimate (failure) strength
  - Split cylinder test
  - ca. 10% of f'c

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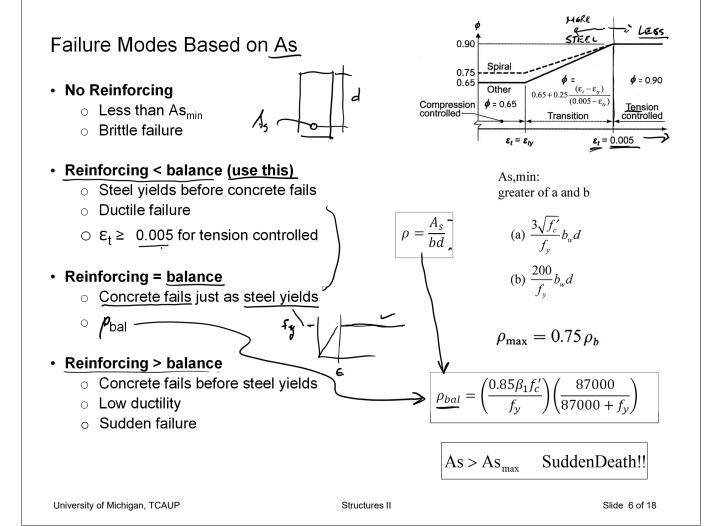
- Neglected in flexure analysis

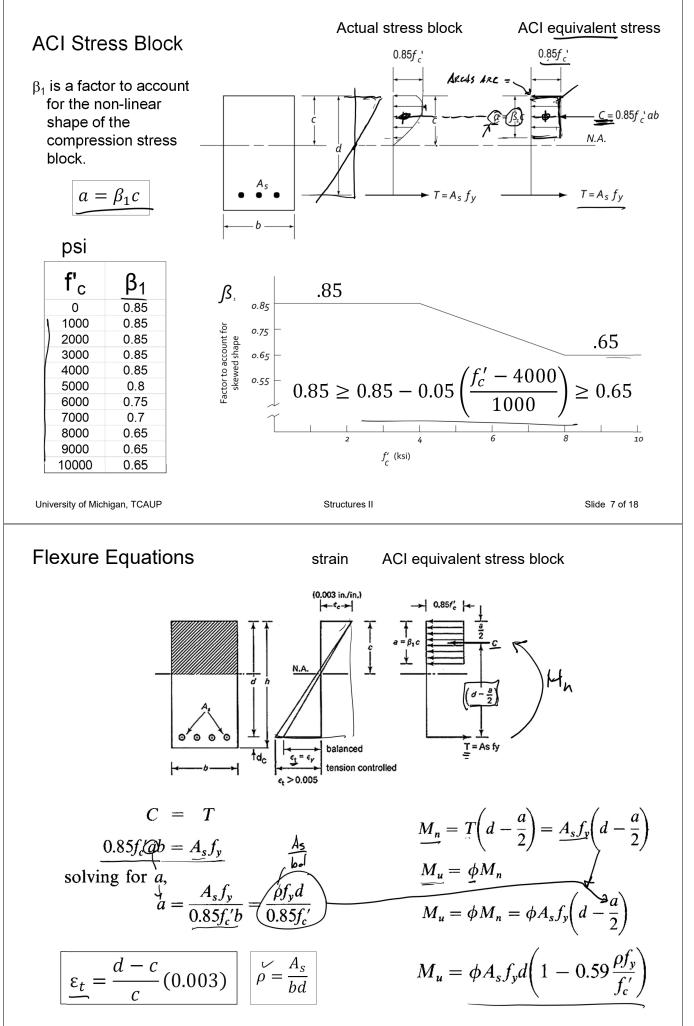




Structures II

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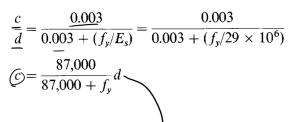


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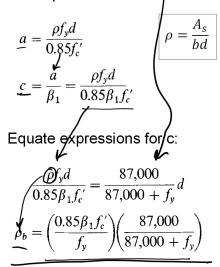
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# **Balance Condition**

From similar triangles at balance condition:



Use equation for a. Substitute into  $c = a / \beta_1$ 



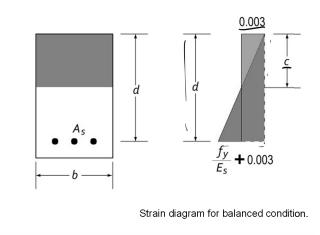


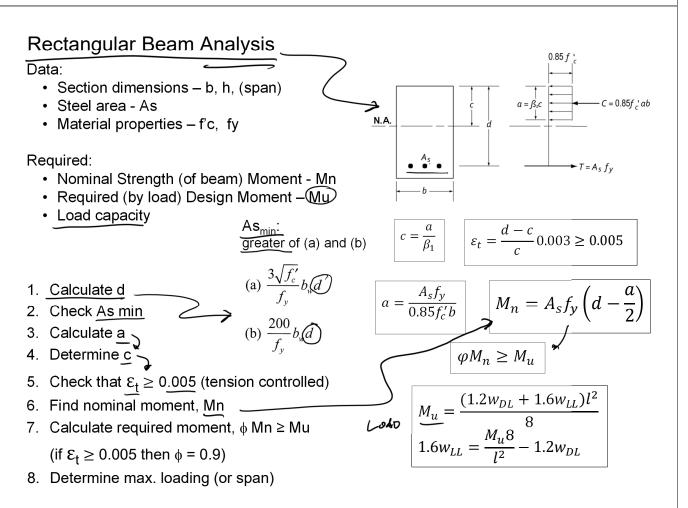
Table A.8 Balanced Ratio of Reinforcement  $\rho_b$  for Rectangular Sections with<br/>Tension Reinforcement Only

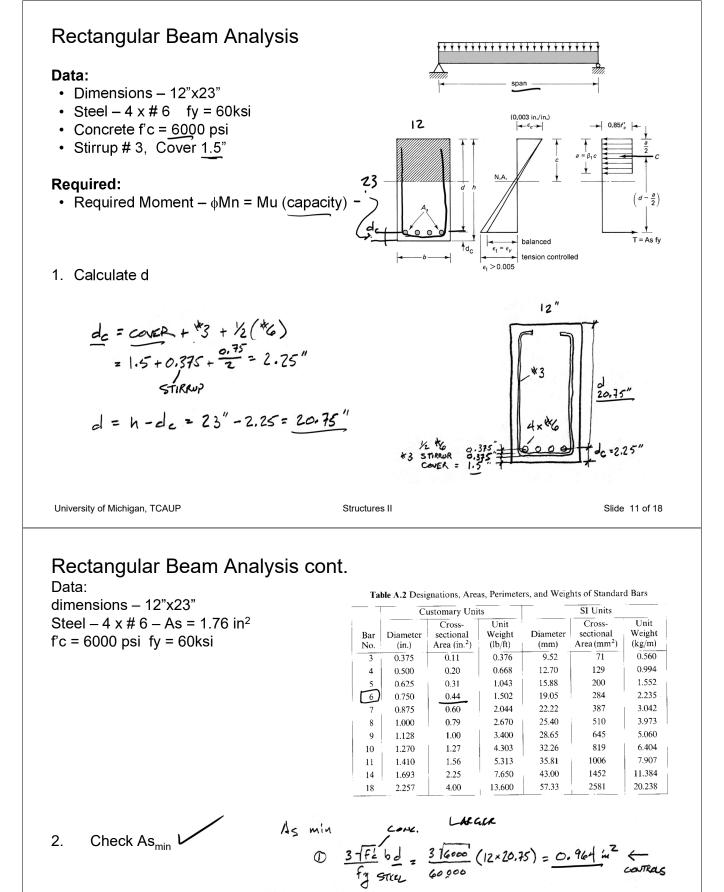
	$f_c'$	2,500 psi (17.2 MPa)	3 <u>,000</u> psi (20.7 MPa)	<u>4,000</u> psi (27.6 MPa)	5,000 psi (34.5 MPa)	6,000 psi (41.4 MPa)
$f_y$		$\beta_1 = 0.85$	$\beta_1 = 0.85$	$\beta_1 = 0.85$	$\beta_1 = 0.80$	$\beta_1 = 0.75$
Grade 40	$\begin{array}{c} \rho_b \\ 0.75 \rho_b \\ 0.50 \rho_b \end{array}$	0.0309	0.0371	0.0495	0.0582	0.0655
40,000 psi		0.0232	0.0278	0.0371	0.0437	0.0492
(275.8 MPa)		0.0155	0.0186	0.0247	0.0291	0.0328
Grade 50 50,000 psi (344.8 MPa)	$\rho_b$ 0.75 $\rho_b$	0.0229 0.0172 0.0115	0.0275 0.0206 0.0138	0.0367 0.0275 0.0184	0.0432 0.0324 0.0216	0.0486 0.0365 0.0243
Grade 60	$\rho_b \\ 0.75 \rho_b \\ 0.50 \rho_b$	0.0178	0.0214	0.0285	0.0335	0.0377
60,000 psi		0.0134	0.0161	0.0214	0.0252	0.0283
(413.7 MPa)		0.0089	0.0107	0.0143	0.0168	0.0189
Grade 75	$\rho_b \\ 0.75 \rho_b \\ 0.50 \rho_b$	0.0129	0.0155	0.0207	0.0243	0.0274
75,000 psi		0.0097	0.0116	0.0155	0.0182	0.0205
(517.1 MPa)		0.0065	0.0078	0.0104	0.0122	0.0137

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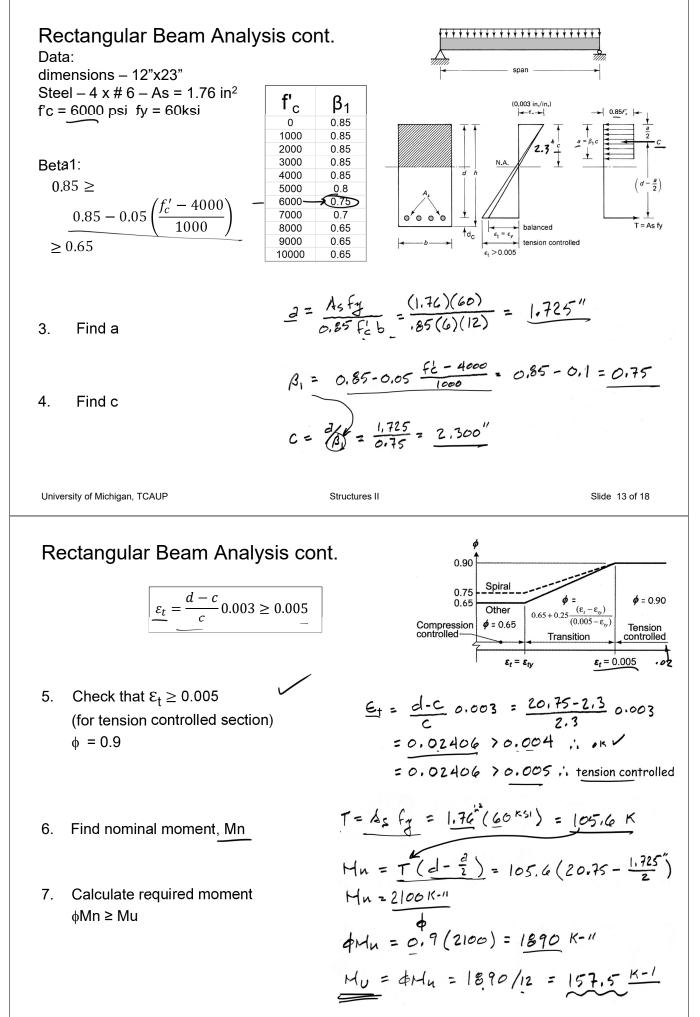




Structures II

 $(2) \frac{200 \text{ b d}}{\text{fy}} = \frac{200(12)(20.75)}{60000} = 0.83 \text{ m}^2$ 

 $\frac{A_{s}}{A_{s}} = A_{s} (N.B.) = 0.44 (4) = 1.76 \text{ m}^{2} > 0.964 \text{ m}^{2}$ 



Structures II

# **One-way Slab Analysis**

#### Data:

- Section dimensions b, h, (span)
- Steel area As , bar diam. b<sub>d</sub> , o.c. spacing
- Material properties f'c, fy

### **Required:**

- Nominal Strength (of beam) Moment Mn
- Required (by load) Design Moment Mu

Reinforcement

type

Deformed bars

Deformed bars

or welded wire reinforcement

f<sub>y</sub>, psi

< 60,000

≥ 60,000

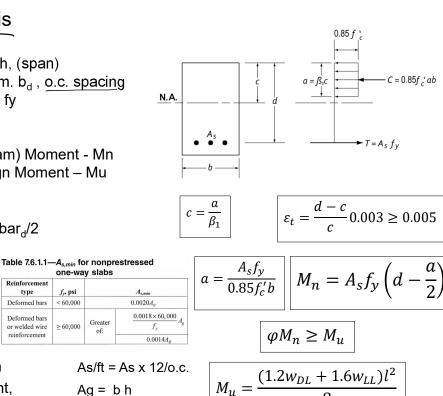
Greater

Structures II

- Load capacity
- 1. Calculate d = h cover  $bar_d/2$
- 2. Find As/ft. Check As min
- 3. Calculate a
- 4. Determine c
- 5. Check that  $\mathcal{E}_t \ge 0.005$ (tension controlled)
- 6. Find nominal moment, Mn
- 7. Calculate required moment,

8. Determine max. loading (or span)

 $\phi$  Mn  $\geq$  Mu (if  $\varepsilon_{t} \geq$  0.005 then  $\phi$  = 0.9)



 $M_u = \frac{(1.2w_{DL} + 1.6w_{LL})l^2}{8}$  $1.6w_{LL} = \frac{M_u 8}{l^2} - 1.2w_{DL}$ 

. . . .

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# **Slab Analysis**

Data: • Span = <u>18 ft</u> • h = <u>11</u> " take b = <u>12</u> " • Steel #8 @ <u>18</u> " e e	Nominal cross designa- tion         Nominal section area.         Nominal Weight, ib per ft         Nominal diameter           #3         0.11         0.376         0.375           #4         0.20         0.668         0.500           #5         0.31         1.043         0.625           #6         0.44         1.502         0.750           #7         0.60         2.044         0.875           #8         0.79         2.670         1.000		18'				
<ul> <li>Steel #8 @ 18" o.c.</li> <li>f'<sub>c</sub> = 3000 psi</li> <li>f<sub>y</sub> = 60 ksi</li> </ul>	#9         1.00         3.400         1.128           #10         1.27         4.303         1.270           #11         1.56         5.313         1.410           #14         2.25         7.650         1.693           #18         4.00         13.600         2.257		JJ TEMP STEEL 8055				
Required:		* 2	A AS = . 0018				
<ul> <li>Design moment capacity – M<sub>u</sub></li> <li>Maximum LL in PSF</li> </ul>							
<ol> <li>Find d</li> <li>Find A<sub>s</sub></li> </ol>	$d = 11^{-1} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4} = 9.75$ $\frac{A_{5}}{16^{-1}} = \frac{12^{-1}}{16^{-1}} (0.79 \text{ m}^{2})$ $= 0.52 \text{ Gm}^{2}/\text{FT}$		$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$				
Check A <sub>s,min</sub>		Table 7.6.1.1—A <sub>s,min</sub> f slabs	or nonprestressed one-way				
$Ag = 12^{\circ} \times 11^{\circ} = 13^{\circ}$		Reinforcement         fy, psi           Deformed bars         < 60,000	$\frac{A_{s,min}}{0.0020A_g}$				
$ \begin{array}{c}     \begin{bmatrix}       0.0018(60)/60 \\       0.0014(132) = 0.12   \end{array} $		$\begin{array}{c} \text{Deformed bars} \\ \text{or welded wire} \\ \text{reinforcement} \end{array} \geq 60,000 \end{array}$	Greater of: $\frac{0.0018 \times 60,000}{f_y} A_g$ $0.0014A_g$				
0.527 > 0.237 ok	ſ	ACI 318-14					
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