## Pre- and Post-Tensioning

- Cable Trusses
- Concrete Beams
- Stressed Membranes



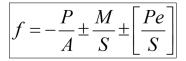
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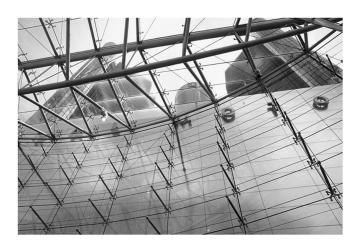
Structures II

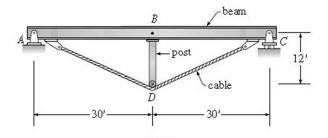
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# Cable Trusses

- Reduce flexure stress
- Reduce deflection
- Produces stiffer section with less
  material
- Lighter weight
- Longer spans possible
- Analysis by combined stress

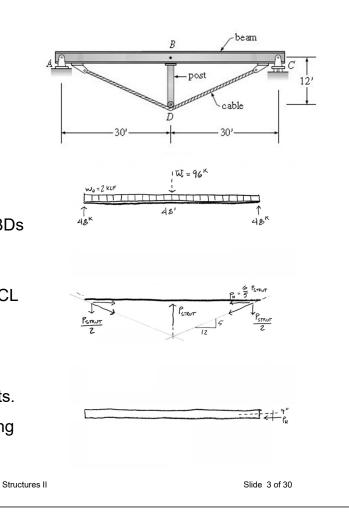






# Cable Truss – stress analysis determine cable prestress

- 1.Break beam load into 3 FBDs.
  - 1. applied load
  - 2. cable + strut
  - 3. eccentric load (if any)
- 2.Solve moment for beam at C.L. for applied load
- 3.Solve C.L. moments for other 2 FBDs in terms of strut force, Ps
- 4. Equate the moments from the three moment equations to cancel at the CL
- 5. Solve for the strut and cable forces.
- 6.Construct moment diagram for the beam with all loadings combined: applied load + cable at ends + struts.
- 7. Solve combined stress in beam using interaction equation.

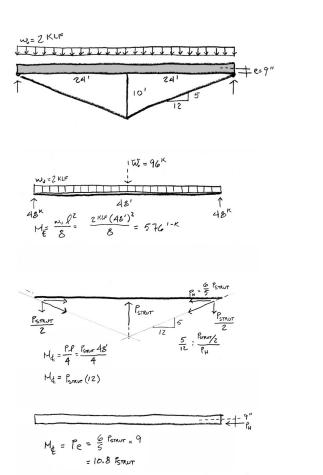




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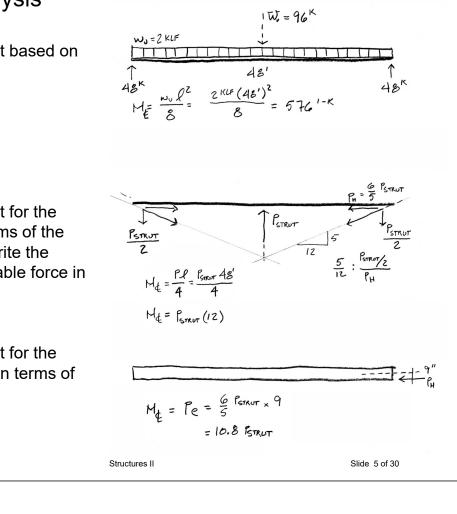
## Cable Truss Analysis Example

- Given: truss configuration with applied load
- Required: force in the cable which will result in zero moment at the center line, C.L.
- 1. Divide the truss into 3 Free Body Diagrams:
  - 1. applied load
  - 2. cable + strut
  - 3. eccentric load (if any)



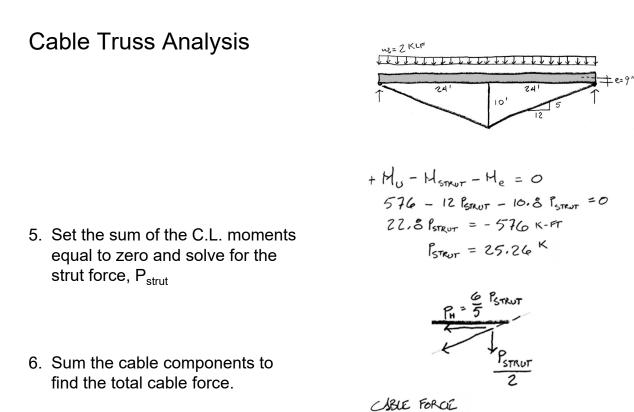
# Cable Truss Analysis

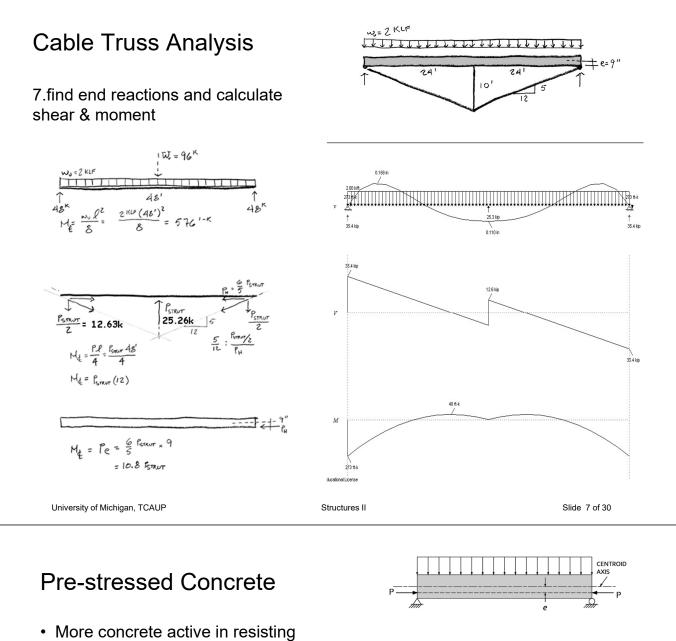
2. Find the C.L. moment based on applied load alone.



- Find the C.L. moment for the cable and strut in terms of the strut force, P<sub>strut</sub>. Write the components of the cable force in terms of P<sub>strut</sub>
- 4. Find the C.L. moment for the eccentric cable load in terms of P<sub>strut</sub>

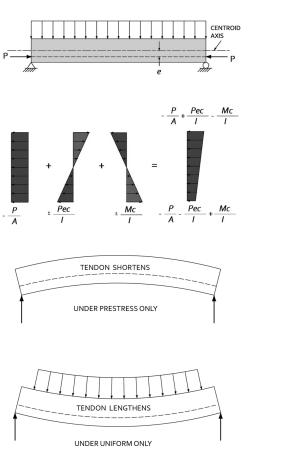
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- momentProduces stiffer section with less
- material
- Lighter weight
- Longer spans possible
- Analysis by combined stress

$$f = -\frac{P}{A} \pm \frac{Pec}{I} \pm \frac{Mc}{I}$$



## **Pre-stressed Concrete**

#### Steel:

high strength wires 250 or 270 ksi wire diameter 0.105 - 0.276 used in strands of bundled wire most common is 7 wire strand

#### Concrete:

higher strength 5 - 10 ksi to reduce creep and strain reduced cracking stiffer sections

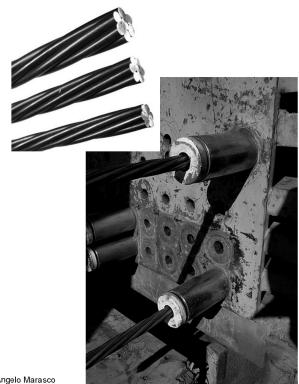


Photo by Angelo Marasco

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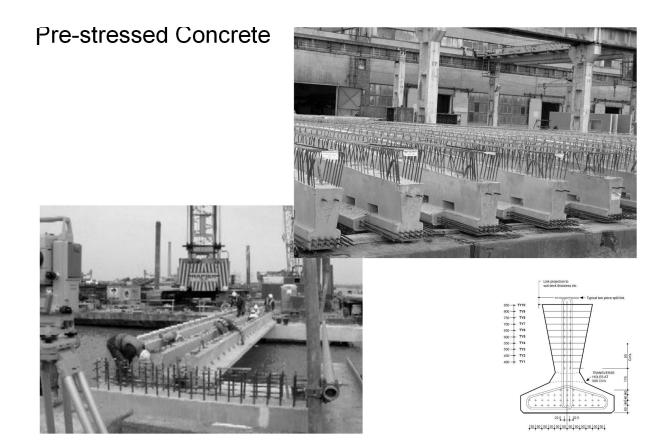
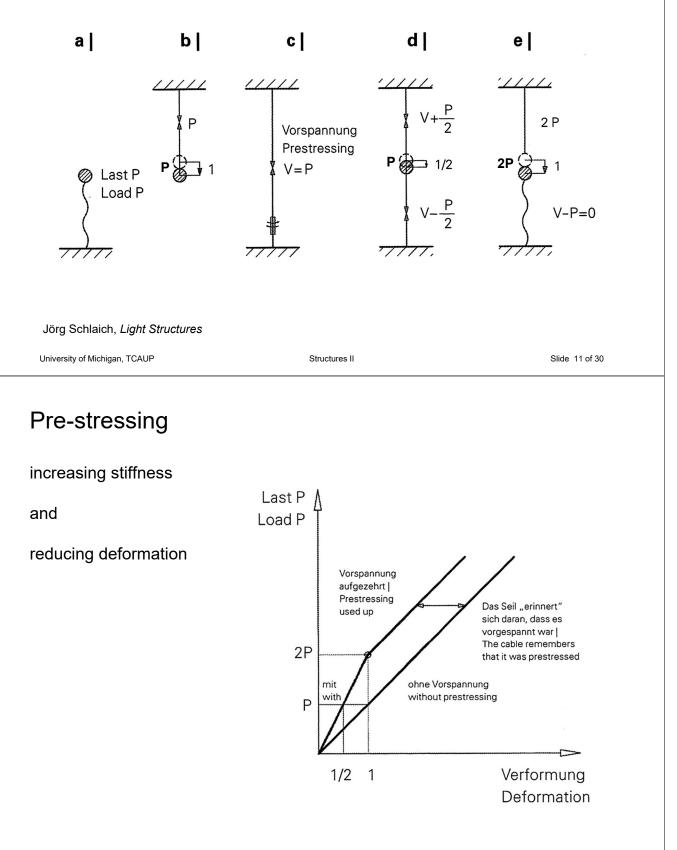


Photo by MACRETE

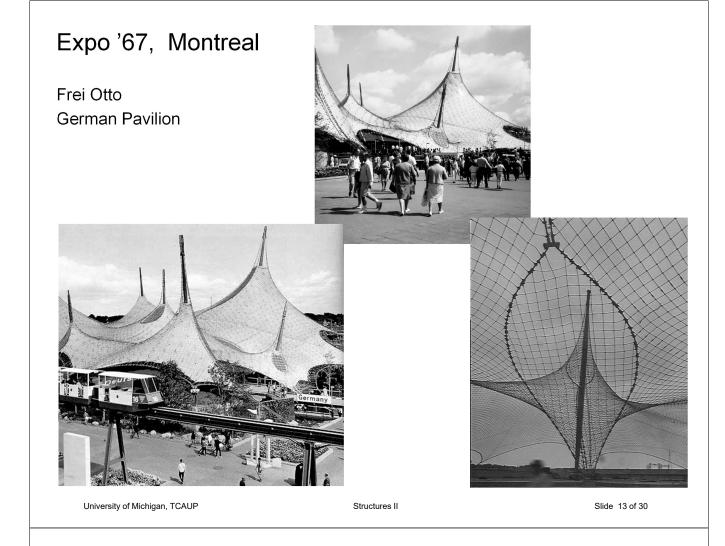
## **Pre-stressing**

Reducing deformation

(b) carries P and deflects 1(e) carries 2P and deflects 1what makes the difference?



Jörg Schlaich, Light Structures



### Institute for Lightweight Structures – IL (now ILEK)

University of Stuttgart



Frei Otto, IL building, University of Stuttgart



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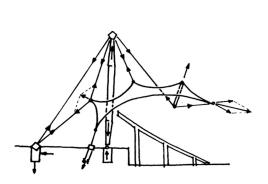
## Stressed Membrane

Olympic Buildings, Munich 1972 Eng. Otto, Leonhardt, Schlaich Arch: Behnisch

- Opposing curvature
- Stressed by anchors and masts







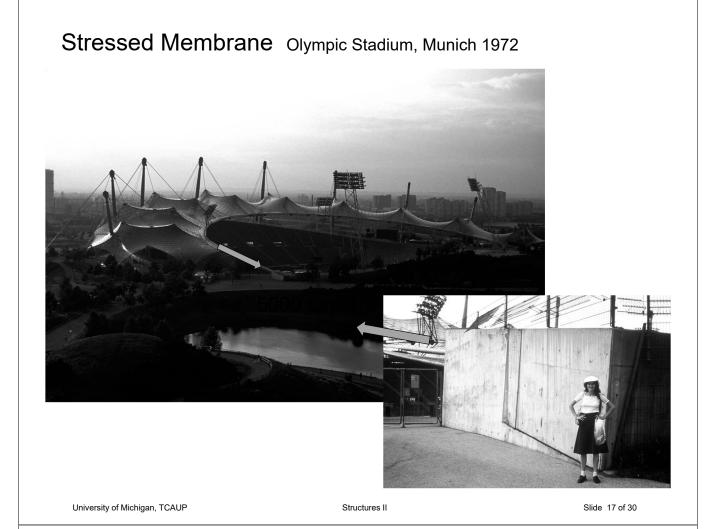
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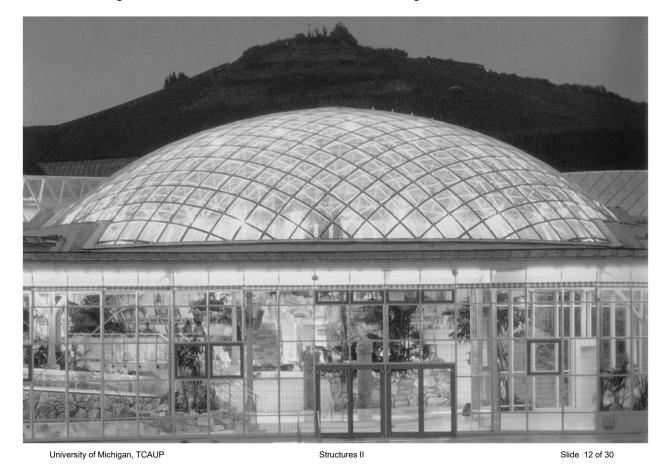
Frei Otto, Munich Soccer Stadium (from back)



## Bundesgartenschau Köln Frei Otto



Schlaich Bergermann & Partners – Neckarsulm Swimming Pool



Schlaich Bergermann & Partners

Neckarsulm, 1989



Structures II

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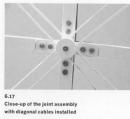




6.14 The slats

6.15 The rotatable joints

6.16 Assembly of the grid elements





6.18 A segment of the grid showing the double pattern formed by the slats and cables



6.19 A segment of the completed roof with the spherically-curved glass panes



Water barrels representing partial snow load

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#### Schlaich Bergermann & Partners

Neckarsulm Pool

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Structures II

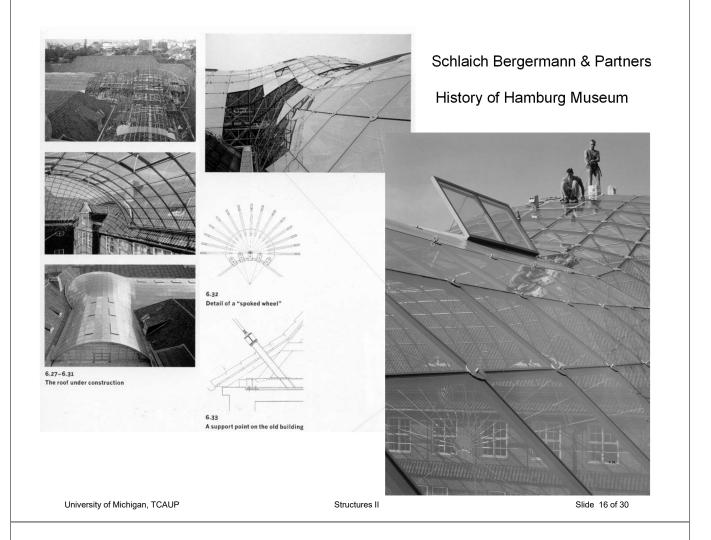


Schlaich Bergermann & Partners

History of Hamburg Museum

Structures II

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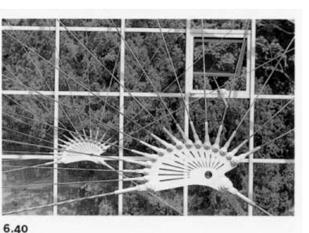


#### Schlaich Bergermann & Partners - Pool cover for mineral spa, Bad Cannstatt





6.41 Connections of the pretensioned cable "spokes" to the "rim"



6.40 The hub connections (see the drawing on the cover of this book)

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Structures II

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## **Stressed Membrane**

Bosch-Areals, Stuttgart 2001 Eng. Schlaich Bergermann + Parteners

- Opposing curvature
- Stressed by cable spokes





## Stressed Membrane

Renaissance Center Entrance Pavilion Detroit 2004 SOM

- Point supported glass
- "fish belly" cable truss bacing





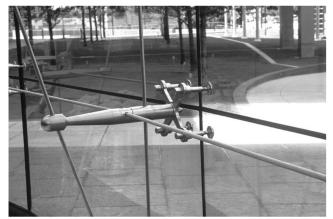
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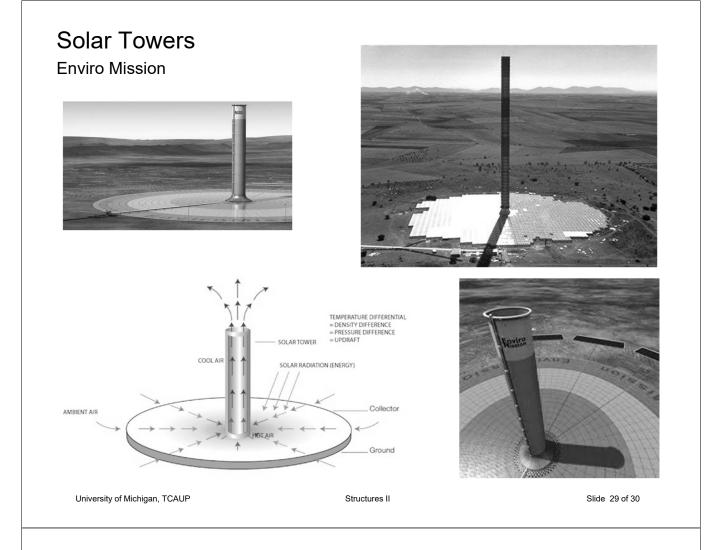
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# Stressed Membrane

Renaissance Center Entrance Pavilion Detroit 2004 SOM







# Solar Towers



Jörg Schlaich, Updraft Solar Chimneys